# Low-Voltage Quad Differential Receiver

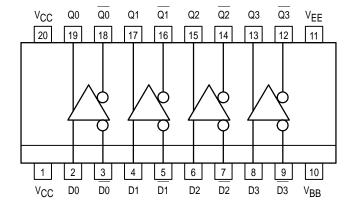
The MC100LVEL17 is a low-voltage, quad differential receiver. The device is functionally equivalent to the E116 device with the capability of operation from either a –3.3V or +3.3V supply voltage. The MC100EL17 is pin and functionally equivalent to the MC100LVEL17, but is specified for operation at the standard 100E ECL voltage supply.

The LVEL17 provides a VBB output for either single-ended use or as a DC bias for AC coupling to the device. The VBB pin should be used only as a bias for the LVEL17 as its current sink/source capability is limited. Whenever used, the VBB pin should be bypassed to ground via a  $0.01\mu f$  capacitor.

Under open input conditions, the D input will be biased at V<sub>CC</sub>/2 and the D input will be pulled down to V<sub>EE</sub>. This operation will force the Q output LOW and ensure stability.

- 325ps Propagation Delay
- · High Bandwidth Output Transitions
- >2000V ESD Protection
- Operates from -3.3/-4.5V (or +3.3/+5.0V) Supply

### Logic Diagram and Pinout: 20-Lead SOIC (Top View)



# MC100LVEL17 MC100EL17



**DW SUFFIX**PLASTIC SOIC PACKAGE
CASE 751D-04

#### **PIN NAMES**

Pins	Function
Dn	Data Inputs
Qn	Data Outputs
V <sub>BB</sub>	Reference Voltage Output

# MC100LVEL17 DC CHARACTERISTICS ( $V_{EE} = -3.0V$ to -3.8V; $V_{CC} = GND$ ) Note 1

		–40°C			0°C			25°C			85°C			
Symbol	Characteristic	Min	Тур	Max	Unit									
IEE	Power Supply Current		26	31		26	31		26	31		27	33	mA
V <sub>BB</sub>	Output Reference Voltage	-1.38		-1.26	-1.38		-1.26	-1.38		-1.26	-1.38		-1.26	V
ΊΗ	Input HIGH Current			150			150			150			150	μΑ
I <sub>INL</sub>	Input LOW Current Dn Dn	0.5 -300			0.5 -300			0.5 -300			0.5 -300			μΑ

1. All other DC characteristics are the same as Standard 100K ECL.



4/95

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### MC100LVEL17 AC CHARACTERISTICS ( $V_{EE} = -3.0V$ to -3.8V; $V_{CC} = GND$ )

		-40°C			0°C			25°C			85°C			
Symbol	Characteristic	Min	Тур	Max	Unit									
<sup>t</sup> PLH <sup>t</sup> PHL	Propagation Delay Diff D to Q S.E.	330 280		530 580	340 290		540 590	350 300		550 600	360 310		560 610	ps
<sup>t</sup> SKEW	Skew Output-to-Output <sup>1</sup> Part-to-Part (Diff) <sup>1</sup> Duty Cycle (Diff) <sup>2</sup>			75 200 25			75 200 25			75 200 25			75 200 25	ps
VPP	Minimum Input Swing <sup>3</sup>	150			150			150			150			mV
VCMR	Common Mode Range <sup>4</sup> Vpp < 500mV Vpp ≥ 500mV	-2.0 -1.8		-0.4 -0.4	-2.1 -1.9		-0.4 -0.4	-2.1 -1.9		-0.4 -0.4	-2.1 -1.9		-0.4 -0.4	V
t <sub>r</sub>	Output Rise/Fall Times Q (20% – 80%)	280		550	280		550	280		550	280		550	ps

- Skews are valid across specified voltage range, part-to-part skew is for a given temperature.
   Duty cycle skew is the difference between a TPLH and TPHL propagation delay through a device.
- 3. Minimum input swing for which AC parameters guaranteed. The device has a DC gain of ≈40.
- 4. The CMR range is referenced to the most positive side of the differential input signal. Normal operation is obtained if the HIGH level falls within the specified range and the peak-to-peak voltage lies between Vppmin and 1V. The lower end of the CMR range varies 1:1 with Vpp. The numbers in the spec table assume a nominal  $V_{EE} = -3.3V$ . Note for PECL operation, the  $V_{CMR}$  (min) will be fixed at  $3.3V - |V_{CMR}$  (min)|.

## MC100EL17 DC CHARACTERISTICS ( $V_{EE} = -4.2V$ to -5.5V; $V_{CC} = GND$ ) Note 1

		–40°C			0°C			25°C			85°C			
Symbol	Characteristic	Min	Тур	Max	Unit									
IEE	Power Supply Current		26	31		26	31		26	31		27	33	mA
V <sub>BB</sub>	Output Reference Voltage	-1.38		-1.26	-1.38		-1.26	-1.38		-1.26	-1.38		-1.26	V
lн	Input HIGH Current			150			150			150			150	μΑ
I <sub>INL</sub>	Input LOW Current Dn Dn	0.5 -300			0.5 -300			0.5 -300			0.5 -300			μА

<sup>1.</sup> All other DC characteristics are the same as Standard 100K ECL.

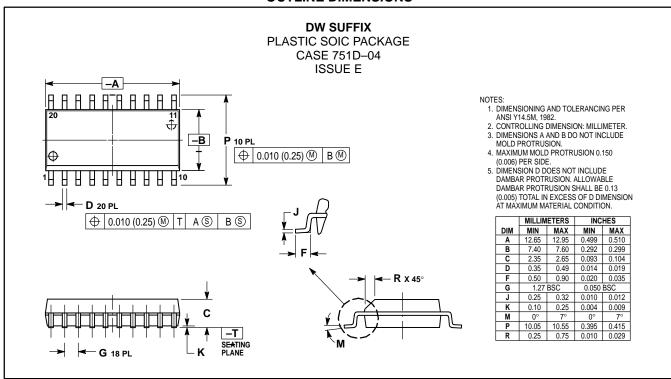
## MC100EL17 AC CHARACTERISTICS ( $V_{EE} = -4.20V$ to -5.5V; $V_{CC} = GND$ )

		-40°C			0°C			25°C			85°C			
Symbol	Characteristic	Min	Тур	Max	Unit									
<sup>t</sup> PLH <sup>t</sup> PHL	Propagation Delay Diff D to Q S.E.	330 280		530 580	340 290		540 590	350 300		550 600	360 310		560 610	ps
<sup>t</sup> SKEW	Skew Output-to-Output <sup>1</sup> Part-to-Part (Diff) <sup>1</sup> Duty Cycle (Diff) <sup>2</sup>			75 200 25			75 200 25			75 200 25			75 200 25	ps
V <sub>PP</sub>	Minimum Input Swing <sup>3</sup>	150			150			150			150			mV
VCMR	Common Mode Range <sup>4</sup> Vpp < 500mV Vpp ≥ 500mV	-3.2 -3.0		-0.4 -0.4	-3.3 -3.1		-0.4 -0.4	-3.3 -3.1		-0.4 -0.4	-3.3 -3.1		-0.4 -0.4	V
t <sub>r</sub>	Output Rise/Fall Times Q (20% – 80%)	280		550	280		550	280		550	280		550	ps

- 1. Skews are valid across specified voltage range, part-to-part skew is for a given temperature.
- Duty cycle skew is the difference between a TPLH and TPHL propagation delay through a device.
- Minimum input swing for which AC parameters guaranteed. The device has a DC gain of ≈40.
- The CMR range is referenced to the most positive side of the differential input signal. Normal operation is obtained if the HIGH level falls within the specified range and the peak-to-peak voltage lies between Vppmin and 1V. The lower end of the CMR range varies 1:1 with VEE. The numbers in the spec table assume a nominal  $V_{EE} = -4.5V$ . Note for PECL operation, the  $V_{CMR}$ (min) will be fixed at  $5.0V - |V_{CMR}$ (min)|.

MOTOROLA 4-2

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